	SCHOOL TRUANCY AMENDMENTS		
	2005 GENERAL SESSION		
	STATE OF UTAH		
Sponsor: Eric K. Hutchings			
LO	NG TITLE		
Gen	eral Description:		
	This bill modifies requirements on parents and local school boards or school districts to		
reso	lve a minor's school attendance problems.		
Highlighted Provisions:			
	This bill:		
	defines "child" as a person who is at least six years old but is younger than age 15;		
	 modifies a prohibition regarding parental failure to address a child's school 		
attendance problems; and			
	 requires local school boards or school districts to consider, as reasonably feasible, 		
alter	alternatives proposed by a parent to resolve a minor's school attendance problems.		
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:			
None			
Other Special Clauses:			
	None		
Utal	Utah Code Sections Affected:		
AM	ENDS:		
	53A-11-101, as last amended by Chapter 99, Laws of Utah 1999		
	53A-11-103 , as last amended by Chapter 221, Laws of Utah 2003		



28	53A-11-101. Responsibility for minor required to attend school Penalty for
29	violation.
30	(1) For purposes of this part:
31	(a) "Child" means a person who is at least six years old but is younger than age 15.
32	[(a)] (b) "Habitual truant" is a school-age minor who:
33	(i) (A) has received more than two truancy citations within one school year from the
34	school in which the minor is or should be enrolled; and
35	(B) eight absences without a legitimate or valid excuse; or [-who,]
36	(ii) in defiance of efforts on the part of school authorities to resolve a student's
37	attendance problem as required under Section 53A-11-103, refuses to regularly attend school or
38	any scheduled period of the school day.
39	[(b)] (c) "Minor" means a person under the age of 18 years.
40	[(c)] <u>(d)</u> "Parent" includes:
41	(i) a custodial parent of the minor;
42	(ii) a legally appointed guardian of a minor; or
43	(iii) any other person purporting to exercise any authority over the minor which could
44	be exercised by persons listed under Subsections (1)[(c)] ((d) (i) and ((1) ((d) (ii) [$(above)$].
45	[(d)] (e) "School-age minor" means a minor who has reached the age of six years but
46	has not reached the age of eighteen years, but does not include a minor emancipated by
47	marriage.
48	[(e)] (f) "Truancy citation" is an administrative notice to a truant minor requiring an
49	appearance before the school truancy control officer or body from which the minor is truant.
50	[(f)] (g) "Truant minor" is any school-age minor who is subject to the state's
51	compulsory education law and who is absent from school without a legitimate or valid excuse.
52	(2) A parent shall enroll and send a school-age minor to a public or regularly
53	established private school during the school year of the district in which the minor resides.
54	(3) It is a class B misdemeanor for a parent to knowingly:
55	(a) fail to enroll a school-age minor in school; or
56	(b) [refuse to respond to a written request which is delivered to the parent] fail to
57	resolve a child's excessive absenteeism despite efforts of school authorities pursuant to the
58	provisions of [Subsection] Section 53A-11-103[(1)(b) by a local school board or school

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59	district].
60	(4) For the purposes of this section, failure to resolve a child's excessive absenteeism is
61	evidenced by ten unexcused absences, as defined by a school district's or charter school's
62	policy, following a parent's receipt of the written notice required under Subsection
63	53A-11-103(1)(b).
64	[(4)] (5) The provisions of this section do not apply to a parent of a school-age minor
65	who has been declared by the local school board to be exempt from school attendance in
66	conformity with Section 53A-11-102.
67	[(5)] (6) A local board of education or school district shall report violations of
68	Subsection (3) to the appropriate city, county, or district attorney.
69	Section 2. Section 53A-11-103 is amended to read:
70	53A-11-103. Duties of boards of education in resolving child's attendance
71	problems Parental involvement Issuance of truancy citations Procedure for
72	contesting citations Liability not imposed.
73	(1) For each school-age minor who is or should be enrolled within that school district,
74	the local school board or school district shall make efforts to resolve a minor's school
75	attendance problems. Those efforts shall include, as reasonably feasible:
76	(a) counseling of the minor by school authorities;
77	(b) a written request for parental support in securing regular attendance by the minor
78	delivered by certified mail or by hand to the parent, containing notice of the requirements of
79	this section [and stating that refusal to respond to the notice is a class B misdemeanor];
80	(c) at least one meeting with the minor and the parents;
81	(d) any necessary adjustment to the curriculum and schedule to meet special needs of
82	the minor; [and]
83	(e) monitoring school attendance of the minor for a period not to exceed 30 days[:]:
84	<u>and</u>
85	(f) consideration of alternatives proposed by the parent.
86	(2) In addition to the efforts listed in Subsection (1), the local school board or school
87	district may enlist the assistance of community and law enforcement agencies as appropriate
88	and reasonably feasible.

(3) In the event that the minor's school attendance problem cannot be resolved by the

efforts of the local school board or school district, the local school board or school district shall refer the school-age minor to the appropriate district or county attorney or juvenile court as a habitual truant.

- (4) Any parent of a school-age minor shall, upon written request from a local school board or school district, cooperate with school authorities in resolving the minor's school attendance problem.
- (5) (a) A local school board may authorize the issuance of truancy citations by school administrators and appointed truancy specialists. Recipients of truancy citations may be subjected to administrative penalties.
- [(6)] (b) A local school board that authorizes the issuance of truancy citations shall establish a procedure for students to contest citations.
- (c) Any minor having received three prior truancy citations within a single school year and for whom reasonable efforts to resolve the attendance problem have failed, shall be issued a habitual truancy citation and referred by the local school board or school district to the appropriate county or district attorney or juvenile court as a habitual truant. Proceedings for habitual truancy shall be expedited by the court.
- [(7)] <u>(6)</u> This section shall not impose any civil liability on boards of education or their employees. Proceedings initiated under this part do not obligate or preclude action by the Division of Child and Family Services under Section 78-3a-316.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-25-05 5:16 PM

Based on a limited legal review, this legislation has not been determined to have a high probability of being held unconstitutional.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

cal Note Number HB0148	School Truancy Amendments	01-Feb-05 12:32 PM
State Impact		
No fiscal impact.		
Individual and Business Im	pact	
No fiscal impact.		

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst